



S P E C T R O P H O T O M E T R Y

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Absorbance Filter</b>	Poland <i>GUM</i>	A	0 - 3A	UV-VIS-NIR Spectrophotometer	250 - 800		1	$3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ at 1A	GUM	GUM	
<b>Absorbance Filter, Cuvettes</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	Bel(B)	0 - 4	Relative measurement, linearity	200 - 2500		0,1 - 20	$10^{-2} \pm 0,002B$	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Absorbance Filter, Matrix</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	Bel(B)	0,0001 - 1 1 - 2 2 - 3	Relative measurement, linearity	200 - 800		0,1 - 5	0,0001 - 0,008 0,008 - 0,015 0,015 - 0,03 (Absolute)	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Absorbance Filter, Neutral Density</b>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	A	0 - 6A	Reference Spectrophotometer	250 - 1600		2 - 6 nm	$8 \cdot 10^{-4} - 8 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OMH	OMH	Welding filter calibration according to EN 167 and EN 169
<b>Absorbance Filter, Neutral Density</b>	Portugal <i>CETO</i>	A	0,05 - 3A	Scanning	400 - 800		1 20	0,001A (Absolute)	IPO	NPL	Glass filters, National intercomparison in progress
<b>Absorbance Filter, Neutral Density</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	A	0 - 5.0A	Reference Spectrophotometer  Scanning Spectrophotometer	200 - 2500		Usually 1 nm in uv-visible but can be selected by customer. 1 - 20 nm in near infrared	0,0003 at 0,22A (Absolute)  0,0011 at 0,22A (Absolute)	NPL  UKAS	NPL  NPL	Best measurement capability is for Reference Spectrophotometer  Scanning Spectrophotometers used for UKAS calibrations
<b>Absorbance, Filter, Neutral Density</b>	United Kingdom <i>Unicam</i>	A	0 - 3 A	UV-Visible Spectrometer	$546 \pm 0,3$		1	0,002 at 0 A to 0,006 at 3 A (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL or NIST	
<b>Absorbance, Filter, Neutral Density</b>	United Kingdom <i>Unicam</i>	A	0 - 3 A	UV-Visible Spectrometer	$546 \pm 0,3$		2	0,003 at 0 A to 0,006 at 3 A (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL or NIST	Calibrations listed form part of the spectrometer parameter verification made available as the Calibration Validation Unit (CVU) for UV Series spectrometers

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<b>Absorbance Liquid</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	Bel(B)	0 - 4	Relative measurement, linearity	200 - 2500		0,1 - 20	$1,5 \cdot 10^{-2} \pm 0,002B$	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Absorbance Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	A	0 - 5.0A	Reference Spectrophotometer	200 - 2500		Usually 1 nm in uv-visible but can be selected by customer. 1 - 20 nm in near infrared	0,0003 at 0,22A (Absolute)	NPL	NPL	Best measurement capability is for Reference Spectrophotometer
				Scanning Spectrophotometer				0,0011 at 0,22A (Absolute)	UKAS	Scanning Spectrophotometers used for UKAS calibrations	
<b>Absorbance Sealed Cuvette</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	Bel(B)	0,0001 - 1 1 - 2 2 - 4	Relative measurement, linearity	200 - 2500		0,1 - 20	0,0001 - 0,008 0,008 - 0,015 0,015 - 0,04 (Absolute)	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Bandwidth Standard</b>	Portugal <i>CETO</i>	nm		Scanning	200 - 3000		0,05	0,1 nm	IPO	NIST	
<b>Colour, Emitted Electro Optic Display</b>	Denmark <i>Delta</i>	CIE x, y, Y u', v' L*a*b*	x, y : 0,0 - 0,9 Y : 0 - 100 u', v' : 0,0 - 0,7 L* : 0 -100 a*, b* : -200 to +200	Colour data calculated from spectral radiance data measured on a spectroradiometer	380 - 780		5	x, y : 0,003	DANAK	NPL	
<b>Colour, Emitted Electro Optic Display</b>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	x, y		Spectrophotometer				$4 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (Absolute)	IEN	IEN	
<b>Colour, Emitted Electro Optic Display</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	CIE x, y, Y u', v' L*a*b*	Y : 0 - 100% x, y : 0 - 0,9 u', v' : 0 - 0,7 L* : 0 - 100  a*, b* -200 to +200	Colour data calculated from spectral radiance data measured on a Spectroradiometer	380 - 780		5	Y : $4 \cdot 10^{-2}$ x, y : 0,001 (Absolute)	NPL	NPL	Contrast can also be supplied

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					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Colour, Surface Diffuse Reflector</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	CIE, x, y, z	0,0001 - 1	Spectral responsivity or by colour standards	VIS			White: x, y : 0,0002 High chromaticities: x, y : 0,002 (Absolute)	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Colour, Surface Flat Opaque Solid</b>	Poland <i>GUM</i>	X, Y, Z x, y L*, a*, b*	Y : 0 - 100 x, y : 0 - 0,9	Integrating sphere spectrophotometer, direct measurement, d/0 geometry	400 - 700		15	Y : 3·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,001 (Absolute)	GUM	PTB	
<b>Colour, Surface Flat Opaque Solid</b>	United Kingdom <i>CERAM</i>	XYZ x, y CIEL*a*b* u' v'	0 - 100	Integrating sphere Spectrophotometer, by direct measurement	380 - 780		10 (Interpolated to 5 nm)	Pale grey: Y : 4,5·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,0030 u', v' : 0,0003 L* : 0,30 a*, b* : 0,15  Deep grey: Y : 2·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,0014 u', v' : 0,0010 L* : 0,45 a* : 0,15 b* : 0,30 (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL	Gloss or matt surface Sample at least 30 mm diameter
<b>Colour, Surface Flat Opaque Solid</b>	United Kingdom <i>CERAM</i>	XYZ x, y, CIEL*a*b*	CIEL*a*b* values 0 - 100	0°/45° Geometry. Colorimeter - by direct comparison with NPL Standards	400 - 700		4 broadband filters	Pale grey: Y : 5·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,0003 L* : 0,35 a*, b* : 0,15  Deep grey: Y : 1,5·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,0004 L* : 0,25 a*, b* : 0,15 (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL	Glossy surface only Sample at least 50 mm diameter

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					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
Colour, Surface Material	Austria <i>BEV</i>	CIE x, y, Y	Y : 0 - 100% x, y : 0 - 0,9	Substitution to white standard geometry: 45°/0°, 0°/45°	360 - 830		0,5 - 10	Reflectance: 1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	BEV	PTB	
Colour, Surface Material	Denmark <i>Delta</i>	CIE x, y, Y u', v' L*a*b*	x, y : 0,0 - 0,9 Y : 0 - 100 u', v' : 0,0 - 0,7 L* : 0 - 100 a*, b* : -200 to +200	Colour data calculated from spectral radiance data measured on a spectroradiometer, reference tiles	380 - 780		5	x, y : 0,003	DANAK	NPL	
Colour, Surface Material	France <i>BNM-LCIE</i>	Y x, y	Y : 0 - 100 x, y : 0 - 1	Spectrophotometer and CIE method observer 1931				For Y = 95 : 4,3 x = 0,313 : 0,004 y = 0,329 : 0,004 (Absolute)	COFRAC	BNM	Uncertainties are for white standard
Colour, Surface Material	France <i>BNM-LNE(1)</i>	Y x, y L*a*b*	0 - 100 0 - 1	Calculation using CIE methods System XYZ 1931	400 - 750		5	Y : 0,8 x, y : 0,0007 L*a*b* : 0,5 (Absolute)	COFRAC	BNM	
Colour, Surface Material	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	CIE x, y, Y		Reference spectrophotometer geometries : 8/d 45°/0°	380 - 760		3	$\Delta E_{ab} = 0,1 - 0,5$	OMH	OMH	SRM set of 16 enamel colour standards, measured sample size < Ø 78 mm
Colour, Surface Material	Italy <i>IEN</i>	x, y, Y		Spectrophotometer Gonioreflectometer				x, y : 0,002 (Absolute)	IEN	IEN	
Colour, Surface Material	Poland <i>GUM</i>	X, Y, Z x, y L*a*b*	Y : 0 - 100 x, y : 0 - 0,9	Colour data calculated from spectral reflectance data measured by spectrophotometer, 8/d geometry	380 - 780		5	Y : 5·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,001 (Absolute)	GUM	NIST	
Colour, Surface Material	Spain <i>AIDO</i>	CIE CIELAB		Spectrophotometer	400 - 700		10	Reflectance: 1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	ENAC	NPL	Glossy Matt

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					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Colour, Surface Material</b>	Spain <i>IFA</i>	CIELAB		Spectrophotometer	380 - 780		2	0,4 CIELAB units (Absolute)	IFA	IFA	Patch size
<b>Colour, Surface Material</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	CIE x, y, z	$10^{-4}$ - $10^0$	Spectral responsivity or by colour standards	380 - 780			White: $2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ High chromaticness: $2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Colour, Surface Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	CIE x, y, Y u', v' L*a*b*	Y : 0 - 100% x, y : 0 - 0,9 u', v' : 0 - 0,7  L* : 0 - 100 a*, b* -200 to +200	Against master standards traceable to perfect reflecting diffuser. Geometries: Spec. Inc. (8°/t) Spec. Ex. (0°/d) 0°/45°	320 - 780		2	Y : $4 \cdot 10^{-3}$ for pale grey, $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ for deep grey x, y : 0,0002 u', v' : 0,0002 L* : 0,20 a*, b* : 0,10 (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL PTB NRC	Measurement of Set of 12 colour standards, 4 pairs of Metameric colour standards, Black, Grey and White tiles plus customer samples
<b>Colour, Surface Material, Fluorescent</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	CIE x, y, Y, u', v', L*, a*, b*	Y : 0 - 300% x, y : 0 - 0,9 u', v' : 0 - 0,7 L* : 0 - 160 a*, b* : -200 to +200	Calibration on a reference Spectrofluorimeter. Geometry 0°/45°	320 - 780		5	Radiance Factor $3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ x, y : 0,003 Y : $3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ u', v' : 0,002 L* : 1, 2 a*, b* : 1,5 (Absolute)	NPL	NPL	Measurements of set of 3 fluorescent colour standards, plus customers samples
<b>Colour, Surface Material, White</b>	Finland <i>KCL</i>	X, Y, Z	1 - 120					$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	FINAS	NRC	C/2* and D65/10°
<b>Colour, Surface Material, White</b>	Germany <i>PTB</i>	X, Y, Z x, y		Weighted ordinate method - tristimulus method				x, y : 0,0005 (Absolute)	PTB	PTB	

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					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Colour, Surface Standard, Ceramic Colour</b>	United Kingdom <i>CERAM</i>	XYZ x, y CIEL*a* b* u' v'	0 - 100	Integrating sphere Spectrophotometer, by direct comparison with NPL standards	380 - 780		10 (Interpolated to 5 nm)	Pale grey: Y : $4,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ x, y : 0,0003 u', v' : 0,0003 L* : 0,30 a*, b* : 0,15  Deep grey: Y : $1,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ x, y : 0,0004 u', v' : 0,0003 L* : 0,25 a*, b* : 0,15 (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL	Gloss surface only Sample at least 30 mm diameter. 0°/45° data available by calculation
<b>Colour, Surface Standard, Colour</b>	Portugal <i>CETO</i>	CIE units	360 - 830 nm	Scanning and CIE model	360 - 830		1 - 20	0,2 CIELAB (Absolute)	IPO	NPL	Intercomparison will be performed in 1997 under the SM&T
<b>Colour, Transmitted Filter</b>	Poland <i>GUM</i>	X, Y, Z x, y L*, a*, b*	Y : 0 - 100 x, y : 0 - 0,9	Spectral transmittance measurement	380 - 780		1	Y : $2 \cdot 10^{-3}$ x, y : 0,0005 (Absolute)	GUM	GUM	
<b>Colour, Transmitted Filter</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	CIE x, y, z	$10^{-4}$ - $10^0$	Spectral transmittance measurement	VIS			Low chromaticity: $10^{-4}$ High chromaticity: $10^{-3}$ (Absolute)	SWEDAC		
<b>Colour, Transmitted Material</b>	France <i>BNM-LNE(1)</i>	Y x, y	0 - 100 0 - 1	Calculation using CIE methods System XYZ 1931	400 - 750		5	Y : 0,5 x, y : 0,0007 (Absolute)	COFRAC	BNM	
<b>Colour, Transmitted Material</b>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	CIE L*, u*, v* L*, a*, b*		Calculated from regular transmittance	380 - 760		3	$\Delta E_{ab} = 0,1 - 0,5$	OMH	OMH	Measured sample size < 50-50 mm
<b>Colour, Transmitted Material</b>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	x, y, Y		Spectrophotometer				x, y : 0,002 (Absolute)	IEN	IEN	

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<b>Colour, Transmitted Material</b>	Spain <i>IFA</i>	CIELAB		Spectrophotometer	380 - 780		1	0,2 CIELAB units (Absolute)	IFA	IFA	Patch size
<b>Colour, Transmitted Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	CIE x, y, Y u' v' L*a*b*	Y, 0 - 100% x, y, 0 - 0,9 u' v', 0 - 0,7  L*, 0 - 100 a*, b*, -200 to +200	Calculated from regular transmittance	380 - 780		1	Y : 4·10 <sup>-3</sup> x, y : 0,0002 (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL	Range of red, yellow and blue colour standards, plus customer samples
<b>Colour, Transmitted Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>Tintometer</i>	X, Y, Z x, y L*a*b*	Y, 0 - 100% x, y, 0 - 0,9 L*, 0 - 100 a*, b*, -200 to +200	Scanning Spectrophotometer	380 - 780			X, Y, Z : 0,4 x, y : 0,0004 L* : 0,2 a* : 0,08 b* : 0,11 (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL	
<b>Emissivity Flat Metallic Surface</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>		0,01 - 1	Substitution to blackbody at 100 °C	1 - 30 μm			2·10 <sup>-2</sup> - 4·10 <sup>-2</sup>	SWEDAC	SP	Directional emissivity
<b>Emittance, Spectral Material, Non Scattering</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	ε%	ε(ν) 0 - 100	Spectrophotometer with regular reflectometer	4000 cm <sup>-1</sup> - 180 cm <sup>-1</sup> (2,5 - 56 μm)		2 - 10 cm <sup>-1</sup>	1·10 <sup>-3</sup> (ε = 100%) 3·10 <sup>-1</sup> (ε = 1%)	NPL	NPL	Available: Aluminised mirrors, Uncoated glass
<b>Emittance, Spectral Material, Scattering</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	ε%	ε(ν) 0 - 100	Spectrophotometer with hemispherical reflectometer	4000 cm <sup>-1</sup> - 180 cm <sup>-1</sup> (2,5 - 56 μm)			4·10 <sup>-3</sup> (ε = 100%) 3,8·10 <sup>0</sup> (ε = 1%)	NPL	NPL	Available: High, Medium & Low p artefacts
<b>Emittance, Total Flat Polished Surface</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	ε <sub>T</sub>	0 - 1	Spectrophotometer with regular reflectometer	Planckian distribution 4000 cm <sup>-1</sup> - 180 cm <sup>-1</sup> (2,5 - 56 μm)		2 - 10 cm <sup>-1</sup>	5·10 <sup>-4</sup> (ε = 1) 2·10 <sup>-2</sup> (ε = 0,1)	NPL	NPL	Available: Aluminised mirrors, Uncoated glass
<b>Emittance, Total Material, Scattering</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	ε <sub>T</sub>	0 - 1	Spectrophotometer with hemispherical reflectometer	4000 cm <sup>-1</sup> - 180 cm <sup>-1</sup> (2,5 - 56 μm)			3·10 <sup>-3</sup> (ε = 1) 3·10 <sup>-1</sup> (ε = 0,1)	NPL	NPL	Available: High, Medium & Low p artefacts
<b>Fluorescence Quantum Efficiency Material</b>	Italy <i>IEN</i>			Parametric fluorescence				2·10 <sup>-2</sup>	IEN	IEN	

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<b>Gloss Glossmeter</b>	Czech Republic <i>CMI LPM 814</i>	% gloss	1 - 100	Comparison	White light			$2 \cdot 10^{-2}$		NPL	20°, 60°, 85° ISO 2813
<b>Gloss Glossmeter</b>	Netherlands <i>NMI-VSL</i>	% gloss	7 - 100	Gloss standards				$6 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NMI-VSL	NRC	20°; 60°; 85°
<b>Gloss Glossmeter</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	% gloss	0 - 100	Comparison against master calibrated on Reference Reflectometer				$2,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NPL	NPL	
<b>Gloss Glossmeter, high gloss standards</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	GU (gloss unit)	$8 \cdot 10^1 - 1,1 \cdot 10^2$	ISO 2813 20°, 60°, 85° high gloss	589			1 GU	SWEDAC		
<b>Gloss Material</b>	Czech Republic <i>CMI LPM 814</i>	% gloss	1 - 100	Gonio-reflectometer	White light			$2 \cdot 10^{-2}$		NPL	20°, 60°, 85° ISO 2813
<b>Gloss Material</b>	France <i>BNM-LNE(1)</i>	% gloss	1 - 120	Standard NF T30-064				$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	COFRAC	BNM	20°, 60°, 85°
<b>Gloss Material</b>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	% gloss	0 - 100	Gonio-reflectometer	633			$10^{-2}$ (at high gloss)	OMH	OMH	ISO 2813 20°, 60°, 85°
<b>Gloss Material</b>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	% gloss	1 - 100	Gonio-reflectometer				$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	IEN	IEN	
<b>Gloss Material</b>	Netherlands <i>NMI-VSL</i>	% gloss	7 - 100	Gloss standards				$6 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NMI-VSL	NRC	20°; 60°; 85°
<b>Gloss Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	% gloss	0 - 100	Gonio-reflectometer	white light			$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NPL	NPL	
<b>Gloss Silica, Black</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	% gloss	0 - 100	Glossmeter 20°, 60°, 85°				$1,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NPL	NPL	Customer samples are measured on reference reflectometer
<b>Haze Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	% haze	0 - 100 haze units	BS2782 part 5 Method 521A and ASTM D100	white light, illuminants A or C			$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NPL	NPL	
<b>Haze Standard</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	$10^{-3} - 10^0$	Substitution to haze standards	V(λ)			$10^{-2} - 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	SWEDAC		

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ISO Reflectance Factors $R_{457}$ , $R_x$ , $R_y$ , $R_z$ <i>Material, White</i>	Finland <i>KCL</i>	%	1 - 100					$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	FINAS	NRC	C/2° and D65/10°
ISO Reflectance Factors $R_{457}$ , $R_x$ , $R_y$ , $R_z$ <i>Material, White</i>	Finland <i>UPM-Kymmene</i>	%	80 - 100					$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	FINAS	NRC	C/2°
ISO Reflectance Factors $R_{457}$ , $R_x$ , $R_y$ , $R_z$ <i>Material, White</i>	Germany <i>PTB</i>			Standardised reflectometer				$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	PTB	PTB	ISO 2469: 1994 ISO 2470: 1977 Procedures available from the PTB
Optical Density <i>Material</i>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	log	< 3 < 5	Gonio-reflectometer				$1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IEN	IEN	
Optical Density, Reflectance Factor <i>Material</i>	Netherlands <i>NMI-VSL</i>	$D_R$		Tile				$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NMI-VSL	NRC	1,8: 0,1 $D_R$
Optical Density, Reflectance Factor <i>Reflectometer</i>	Netherlands <i>NMI-VSL</i>	$D_R$		Tile				$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	NMI-VSL	NRC	1,8: 0,1 $D_R$
Optical Density, Transmittance <i>Densitometer</i>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	OD	0,001 - 4	Spectrophotometer	$V(\lambda)$			$10^{-3} - 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OMH	OMH	SRM : set of 3 filters for densitometer calibration
Optical Density, Transmittance <i>Densitometer</i>	Netherlands <i>NMI-VSL</i>	$D_T$	0 - 3	Film	$V(\lambda)$			$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	NMI-VSL	NRC	
Optical Density, Transmittance <i>Diffuse Film</i>	Germany <i>PTB</i>	$D_T$	0 - 1,6 1,6 - 3,2 3,2 - 4 4 - 6	Reference densitometer according to ISO 5 - 2 ISO 5 - 3	$V(\lambda)$			0,003 (abs.) 0,0024 (rel.) 0,004 (rel.) 0,006 (rel.)	PTB	PTB	
Optical Density, Transmittance <i>Filter, Grey</i>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	OD	0 - 6	Relative measurement	0,4 - 10,6 $\mu\text{m}$	<1W	Laser lines	$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $\pm 0,002$ OD	SWEDAC		Laser lines Ar, HeNe, CO <sub>2</sub>

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<b>Optical Density, Transmittance</b> <i>Grey Scale for Densitometer</i>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	OD	0 - 4	Relative measurement on opal glass	$V(\lambda)$			$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $\pm 0,002$ OD	SWEDAC		
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material</i>	Denmark <i>DELTA</i>	%	0,5 - 100	Spectrometer reflection standard Geometry: $0^\circ/45^\circ$				$2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	DANAK	PTB	CIE standards are used
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material</i>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	%		Gonioreflectometer				$1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IEN	IEN	
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material</i>	Poland <i>GUM</i>	%	0,5 - 100	Integrating sphere spectrophotometer, d/0 geometry	400 - 700		15	$3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	GUM	PTB	
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material</i>	Spain <i>IFA</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Spectrophotometer Geometry: $0^\circ/45^\circ$	320 - 730		1	$\rho < 1 = 3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $1 < \rho < 10 = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $10 < \rho < 100 = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IFA	IFA	Patch size
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material</i>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	0 - 100	Gonioreflectometer  Calibration against master traceable to perfect reflecting diffuser. Geometry: $0^\circ/45^\circ$	350 - 1600  200 - 2500		approx. 20 interference filters Usually 2 nm in UV-visible. 2 - 20 nm in near infrared	$1,2 \cdot 10^{-2}$  $6,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	NPL  UKAS	NPL  NPL PTB	Incident angles: $0^\circ$ to $85^\circ$ Viewing angles: $5^\circ$ to $85^\circ$  White, Grey and Black ceramic tiles, White, Grey and Black PTFE (NIR), Ceramic colour standards. Customer samples are also measured.
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material, Diffuse</i>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	$10^{-4}$ - $10^0$	Substitution to radiance factor standards Geometry: $45^\circ/0^\circ$	$V(\lambda)$			$10^{-1}$ - $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material, White</i>	Germany <i>PTB</i>	%	1 - 100	Gonioreflectometer Geometry: $0^\circ/45^\circ$ , $45^\circ/0^\circ$	360 - 830			$3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	PTB	PTB	

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Radiance Factor</b> <i>Material, White</i>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Reference spectrophotometer in geometry $45^\circ/0^\circ$	380 - 760		2	$7 \cdot 10^{-3}$	OMH	OMH	SRM: PTFE and white enamel colour standards, measured sample size $< \varnothing 78$ mm
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Flat Opaque Solid</i>	United Kingdom <i>CERAM</i>	%	0 - 100	Integrating sphere Spectrophotometer, by direct measurement	380 - 780		10 (Interpolated to 5 nm)	Pale Grey: $1 \cdot 10^{-2}$  Deep Grey: $4,4 \cdot 10^{-2}$	UKAS	NPL	Gloss or matt surface. Sample at least 30 mm diameter
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	Austria <i>BEV</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Substitution to white standard. Geometry: $45^\circ/0^\circ$ , $0^\circ/45^\circ$	250 - 900		0,5 - 10	$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	BEV	PTB	
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	Denmark <i>DELTA</i>	%	0,5 - 100	Integrating sphere geometries: $8^\circ/t$ $8^\circ/d$				$2 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $1,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	DANAK	PTB NPL	CIE standards are used
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	France <i>BNM-LNE(1)</i>	%	0,5 - 100	Calibrated Spectrophotometer geometry: $8^\circ/d$	360 - 860		1 - 5	$(0,3 + 0,4 \cdot p) \cdot 10^{-2}$	COFRAC	BNM	
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Spectrophotometer with integrating sphere geometries $8^\circ/t$ , $8^\circ/d$	380 - 760		2	$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OMH	OMH	SRM: PTFE and white enamel colour standards, measured sample size $< \varnothing 78$ mm
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	%	0,03 - 100	Sphere				$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	IEN	IEN	
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	Poland <i>GUM</i>	%	0,5 - 100	Spectrophotometer with integrating sphere, $8/d$ geometry	250 - 800 800 - 2500		2 1 - 20	$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	GUM	NIST	
<b>Reflectance, Diffuse</b> <i>Material</i>	Portugal <i>CETO</i>	%	1 - 90	Integrating sphere	200 - 2000		0,5 - 20	$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	IPQ	NIST	Reflectance factor $0^\circ/45^\circ$ is possible

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
Reflectance, Diffuse Material	Spain <i>IFA</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Spectrophotometer geometry $0^\circ/d$	380 - 780		2	$\rho < 1 = 3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $1 < \rho < 10 = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $10 < \rho < 100 = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IFA	IFA	Patch size
Reflectance, Diffuse Material	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	$10^{-2} - 10^0$	Substitution to reflectance standards geometry $8^\circ/t$	300 - 2500		0,1 - 20	$2 \cdot 10^{-2} - 1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	SWEDAC	NPL	
Reflectance, Diffuse Material	Switzerland <i>OFMET</i>	%	0,1 - 100	Various methods	350 - 1100		3	$2 \cdot 10^{-3} - 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OFMET	OFMET	Various geometries
Reflectance, Diffuse Material	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	0 - 100	Gonioreflectometer  Integrating sphere: Calibration against master traceable to perfect reflecting diffuser. Geometry: $8^\circ/d$ , $8^\circ/t$	350 - 1600  200 - 2500		Approx. 20 interference filters Usually 2 nm in UV-visible. 2 - 20 nm in near infrared	$8 \cdot 10^{-3}$  $3,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	NPL  UKAS	NPL  NPL PTB NRC	White, Grey and Black ceramic tiles, White, Grey and Black PTFE (NIR), Ceramic colour standards. Customer samples are also measured.
Reflectance, Diffuse Material, Black	Italy <i>IEN</i>	%	0,03 - 100	Sphere				$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IEN	IEN	
Reflectance, Diffuse Material, White	Finland <i>KCL</i>	%	1 - 100	Reflectance standard geometry: $d/0^\circ$ geometry: $d/8^\circ$	400 - 700 360 - 740			$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	FINAS	NRC	
Reflectance, Diffuse Material, White	Finland <i>UPM-Kymmene</i>	%	80 - 100	Reflectance standard geometry: $d/0^\circ$	400 - 700		20	$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	FINAS	NRC	
Reflectance, Diffuse Material, White	Germany <i>PTB</i>	%	1 - 100	Absolute sphere reflectometer geometry: $d/0^\circ$ , $d/6^\circ$	300 - 1100			$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	PTB	PTB	
Reflectance, Diffuse Material, White	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	%		Absolute sphere reflectometer in geometry $d/0^\circ$	380 - 760*		5 - 15	$7 \cdot 10^{-3}$	OMH	OMH	*Measured with interference filters, interpolated

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
Reflectance, Diffuse Material, White	Italy IEN	%	0,03 - 100	Sphere				$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IEN	IEN	
Reflectance, Diffuse Standard, Ceramic Colour	United Kingdom CERAM	%	0 - 100	Integrating sphere Spectrophotometer, by direct comparison with NPL standards	380 - 780		10 (Interpolated to 5 nm)	Pale Grey: $6 \cdot 10^{-3}$  Deep Grey: $1,2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	UKAS	NPL	Gloss surface only. Sample at least 30 mm diameter. 0°/45° data available by calculation
Reflectance, Hemispherical Material, Scattering	United Kingdom NPL	%	$\rho(\nu)$ 0 - 100	Spectrophotometer with hemispherical reflectometer	4000 - 180 cm <sup>-1</sup> (2,5 - 56 μm)			$4 \cdot 10^{-1}$ ( $\rho = 1\%$ )  $3,8 \cdot 10^{-2}$ ( $\rho = 100\%$ )	NPL	NPL	Available: High, Medium & Low $\rho$ artefacts
Reflectance, Regular Material	Finland HUT	%	5 - 100  1 - 100	Reference spectrometer	250 - 380  380 - 1000		3  1 - 3	$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $5 \cdot 10^{-2}$  $3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $3 \cdot 10^{-2}$	HUT	HUT	Measurement angle 5° - 85°
Reflectance, Regular Material	Italy IEN	%	0,001 - 100	Gonioreflectometer				$7 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IEN	IEN	
Reflectance, Regular Material	Portugal CETO	%	0,1 - 90		200 - 2000		0,5 - 20	$1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	IPOQ	NIST	8° incidence
Reflectance, Regular Material	Spain IFA	%	0,01 - 100	Spectrophotometer	200 - 2000 > 2000		1 3 - 10	$\rho < 1 = 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $1 < \rho < 10 = 3,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $10 < \rho < 100 = 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IFA	IFA	Patch size
Reflectance, Regular Material	Switzerland OFMET	%	0,1 - 100	Various methods	350 - 1100		3	$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OFMET	OFMET	Various geometries
Reflectance, Regular Material	United Kingdom NPL	%	0,3 - 100	Gonioreflectometer  VW accessory on scanning Spectrophotometer	320 - 1600  200 - 2500		1 - 20	$1,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$  $3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	NPL	NPL	Angle 5° to 85°  Angle 7°

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Reflectance, Regular Material, Non Scattering</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	$\rho(\nu)$ 0 - 100	Spectrophotometer with regular Reflectometer	4000 - 180 nm <sup>-1</sup> (2.5 - 56 μm)		2 - 10 nm <sup>-1</sup>	1·10 <sup>-1</sup> (ρ = 1%)  3·10 <sup>-3</sup> (ρ = 100%)	NPL	NPL	Available: Aluminised mirrors, Uncoated glass
<b>Reflectance, Regular Mirror</b>	Germany <i>PTB</i>	%	0 - 100	Direct comparison	220 nm - 20 μm		0,1 - 16	5·10 <sup>-3</sup> - 2·10 <sup>-2</sup>	PTB	PTB	Specular 7° - 80°
<b>Reflectance, Regular Mirror</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	10 <sup>-1</sup> - 10 <sup>0</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup> - 10 <sup>0</sup> 10 <sup>-1</sup> - 10 <sup>0</sup>	Relative measurement	200 - 300 0,3 - 2 μm 2 - 30 μm		1 - 100	2·10 <sup>-2</sup> - 1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Reflectance, Regular Mirror, Photodiode</b>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	%	0,1 - 100	VW accessory on spectrophotometer	300 - 1100		2	4·10 <sup>-3</sup> - 1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	OMH	OMH	
<b>Reflectance, Regular Optical Component</b>	Germany <i>PTB</i>	%		Trap	40 - 400	< 50 μW	1 - 4	2·10 <sup>-3</sup>	PTB	PTB	Synchrotron Radiation (BESSY)
<b>Reflectance, Regular Standard</b>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	%		Gonioreflectometer				1·10 <sup>-3</sup>	IEN	IEN	
<b>Transmittance Filters</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>		10 <sup>-3</sup> - 10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup> - 10 <sup>0</sup>	Relative measurement, linearity	300 - 2500	See range	0,1 - 20 nm	2·10 <sup>-2</sup> - 10 <sup>-2</sup> 10 <sup>-2</sup>	SWEDAC		
<b>Transmittance, Diffuse Filter</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	0,1 - 100	Relative measurement, linearity	300 - 2500		0,1 - 20	2·10 <sup>-2</sup> - 1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	SWEDAC	SP	
<b>Transmittance, Diffuse Material</b>	Italy <i>IEN</i>	%		Sphere				1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	IEN	IEN	
<b>Transmittance, Diffuse Material</b>	Portugal <i>CETO</i>	%	1 - 90	Integrating sphere			0,5 - 20	2·10 <sup>-2</sup>	IPO	NIST	
<b>Transmittance, Diffuse Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	0 - 100	Calibration on a spectrophotometer with an integrating sphere accessory	200 - 2500		Usually 2 nm in uv-visible. 2 - 20 nm in near infrared	1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	NPL	NPL	Can measure to BS EN 578 : 1994 and BS 7914 : 1998

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Czech Republic <i>CMI LPM 814</i>	%	0 - 100	Monochromator and trap diode array	360 - 700 360 - 1000			$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $3 \cdot 10^{-3}$		CMI	
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Germany <i>PTB</i>	%		Trap	40 - 400	< 50 $\mu$ W	1 - 4	$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	PTB	PTB	Synchrotron Radiation (BESSY)
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Germany <i>PTB</i>	%	> $10^{-10}$	Direct/cascading	220 nm - 20 $\mu$ m		0,1 - 16	$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	PTB	PTB	
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	%	10 -100 1 - 10 0,1 - 1 0,01 - 0,1	Reference spectrophotometer direct/cascading	350 - 800 240 -1700		1 - 3	$8 \cdot 10^{-4}$ $2 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $4 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $1,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OMH	OMH	SRM: set of 6-8 glass filters for spectrophotometer calibration
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Netherlands <i>NMI-VSL</i>	%	0,01 - 100		250 - 1050		2,5	$5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	NMI-VSL	NMI-VSL	Monochromator
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Poland <i>GUM</i>	%	0,1 - 100	Spectrophotometer	250 - 800 800 - 2500		1 1 - 20	$3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $6 \cdot 10^{-3}$	GUM	GUM	
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Slovakia <i>SMU-272</i>	%	0,001 - 100	Spectrophotometer	250 - 2000		0,1 - 5	$10^{-3}$ ( $\tau$ ) 0,1 nm	SMU	SMU	Set of spectral lamps, monochromators
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Spain <i>AIDO</i>	%	0 - 100	Spectrophotometer	380 - 780		0,1 - 5	$1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	ENAC	NIST	ISO 13666 EN 1836
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	$10^{-4}$ - $10^{-2}$ $10^{-2}$ - $10^0$ $10^{-2}$ - $10^0$	Relative measurement, linearity	200 nm - 2,5 $\mu$ m 2,5 - 30 $\mu$ m		0,5 - 20	$3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ - $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ - $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	SWEDAC	NPL	
Transmittance, Regular Filter	Switzerland <i>OFMET</i>		0,01 - 100	Direct beam linear detector	350 - 1100		3	$1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ - $1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OFMET	OFMET	

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
Transmittance, Regular Filter	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	$\tau\%$	73 36 17 14 10 6 0,01	Spectrophotometer	3990 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3031 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2598 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3512 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2473 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2739 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2010 $\text{cm}^{-1}$			2,3·10 <sup>-3</sup> 3,0·10 <sup>-3</sup> 4,6·10 <sup>-3</sup> 4,6·10 <sup>-3</sup> 6,4·10 <sup>-3</sup> 8,6·10 <sup>-3</sup> 1·10 <sup>0</sup>	NPL	NPL	Schott NG11 Optical Glass Filters
Transmittance, Regular Filter, IR	Spain <i>AIDO</i>	%	0 - 100	Spectrophotometer	780 - 2000		0,1 - 5	1·10 <sup>-3</sup>	ENAC	NIST	ISO 13666 EN 1836
Transmittance, Regular Filter, Neutral Density	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	0,001 - 100	Reference Spectrophotometer  Scanning Spectrophotometer	200 - 2500		Usually 1 nm in uv-visible but can be selected by customer. 1 - 20 nm in near infrared	4·10 <sup>-4</sup> at 60% T  2,5·10 <sup>-3</sup> at 60% T	NPL  UKAS	NPL	Best measurement capability is for Reference Spectrophotometer.  Scanning Spectrophotometers used for UKAS calibrations
Transmittance, Regular Filter, Stray Light	Sweden <i>SP</i>	%	0,001 - 1	Relative measurement	200 - 800		1 - 5	1·10 <sup>-4</sup>	SWEDAC	SP	
Transmittance, Regular Material	Austria <i>BEV</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Spectrophotometer	250 - 900		0,5 - 10	3·10 <sup>-3</sup>	BEV	BEV	
Transmittance, Regular Material	Finland <i>HUT</i>	%	0,05 - 100 0,01 - 100 0,05 - 100	Reference spectrometer	250 - 380 380 - 920 920 - 1700		1 - 3 0,3 - 3 1 - 6	1·10 <sup>-3</sup> - 1·10 <sup>-2</sup> 5·10 <sup>-4</sup> - 5·10 <sup>-3</sup> 1·10 <sup>-3</sup> - 1·10 <sup>-2</sup>	HUT	HUT	
Transmittance, Regular Material	France <i>BNM-INM</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Reference spectrophotometer	250 - 2500		0,5 - 2	2·10 <sup>-4</sup> - 1·10 <sup>-3</sup>	BNM	BNM	
Transmittance, Regular Material	France <i>LNE(1)</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Calibrated spectrophotometer	250 - 2500		1 - 5	0,04·10 <sup>-2</sup> - 1,0·10 <sup>-2</sup> (Absolute)	COFRAC	BNM	
Transmittance, Regular Material	Italy <i>IEN</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Sphere gonireflectometer	300 - 800			2·10 <sup>-3</sup>	IEN	IEN	
Transmittance, Regular Material	Portugal <i>CETO</i>	%	0,1 - 90	Scanning	200 - 3000		0,5 - 20	1·10 <sup>-3</sup>	IPO	NPL	Uncertainty for 200 to 800 nm

Type of Calibration & Artefact	Country & Name of Lab	Units	Measurement Range	Measurement Method	Range of Measurement Parameters			Best Measurement Capability (Relative)	Accreditation Body/NMI	Traceability Route	Further Information
					Wavelength (nm)	Power Level	Bandwidth (nm)				
<b>Transmittance, Regular Material</b>	Spain <i>IFA</i>	%	0,01 - 100	Spectrophotometer	200 - 800 800 - 2000 > 2000		0,2 - 1 1 3 - 10	$\tau < 1 = 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $1 < \tau < 10 = 3,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $10 < \tau < 100 = 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	IFA	IFA	Patch size
<b>Transmittance, Regular Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	0,001 - 100	Reference Spectrophotometer  Scanning Spectrophotometer	200 - 2500		Usually 1 nm in uv-visible but can be selected by customer. 1 - 20 nm in near infrared	$4 \cdot 10^{-4}$ at 60% T  $2,5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ at 60% T	NPL  UKAS	NPL	Best measurement capability is for Reference Spectrophotometer  Scanning Spectrophotometers used for UKAS calibrations
<b>Transmittance, Regular Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>NPL</i>	%	$\tau(\nu)$ 0 - 100	Spectrophotometer	4000 - 180 $\text{cm}^{-1}$  2,5 - 56 $\mu\text{m}$		2 - 10 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	$5 \cdot 10^{-2}$ ( $\tau = 1\%$ )  $2 \cdot 10^{-3}$ ( $\tau = 100\%$ )	NPL	NPL	
<b>Transmittance, Regular Material</b>	United Kingdom <i>Tintometer</i>	%	0 - 100	Scanning Spectrophotometer	380 - 780			0,04 T + 0,26% (Absolute)	UKAS	NPL	
<b>Transmittance, UV Filter</b>	Spain <i>AIDO</i>	%	0 - 100	Spectrophotometer	280 - 380		0,1 - 5	$1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	ENAC	NIST	ISO 13666 EN 1836
<b>Transmittance, Visual Filter</b>	Switzerland <i>OFMET</i>	%	0,01 - 100		$V(\lambda)$			$1 \cdot 10^{-3} - 1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	OFMET	OFMET	Various geometries. Colour and Neutral Filters
<b>Wavelength Filter, Bandpass, Line</b>	Sweden <i>SP</i>	nm	200 - 800	Substitution to wavelength standards	200 - 800		0,5 - 5	$10^{-3}$	SWEDAC	NPL	
<b>Wavelength Filter, Glass</b>	Hungary <i>OMH</i>	nm	240 - 800	Reference spectrophotometer	240 - 800		0,5 - 1	0,1 - 0,2 nm	OMH	OMH	Absorption peak and inflexion point method SRM: didymium filter
<b>Wavelength Filter, Glass, Rare Earth</b>	Austria <i>BEV</i>	nm	250 - 900	Spectrometer	250 - 900		0,2 - 2	0,3 nm in range 250 - 600 nm 0,5 nm in range 600 - 900 nm	BEV	BEV	